

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Prestone Driveway Heat

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Ice melt

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Scotwood Industries LLC
12980 Metcalf Ave. STE 240
Overland Park, Kansas 66213
Office: (913) 851-3500
Toll Free: (800) 844-2022
Fax: (913) 851-3377

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 800-844-2022 (Monday-Friday 8:00am-5:00pm CST)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

H319

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)

:



GHS07

Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, respiratory protection.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Calcium chloride	Calcium chloride (CaCl ₂) / Calcium chloride, anhydrous / CALCIUM CHLORIDE / Calcium dichloride / Calcium chloride anhydrous	(CAS-No.) 10043-52-4	90 – 97	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Water	water / AQUA	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	0.1 – 7	Not classified

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Potassium chloride	Potassium chloride (KCl) / POTASSIUM CHLORIDE / Hydrochloric acid, potassium salt / potassium chloride	(CAS-No.) 7447-40-7	2 – 3	Not classified
Sodium chloride	Salt / SEA SALT / Sodium salt of hydrochloric acid / SODIUM CHLORIDE / Sodium chloride (NaCl) / Sea salt	(CAS-No.) 7647-14-5	1 – 2	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes eye irritation. Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of large amounts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Corrosive to metals upon prolonged contact.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Toxic fumes are released. calcium oxide. Hydrogen chloride gas. Sodium oxides. Potassium oxides.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

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- 6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel
- Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.
- 6.2. Environmental Precautions
- Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.
- 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up
- For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid. Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
- Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.
- 6.4. Reference to Other Sections
- See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling
- Additional Hazards When Processed: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Contact with water causes an exothermic heat reaction, which may cause significant temperature rise. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
- Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing dust.
- Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
- 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities
- Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.
- Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.
- Incompatible Materials: Reactive metals (Al, K, Zn). Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
- Special Rules on Packaging: Keep only in original container.
- Packaging materials: Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.
- 7.3. Specific End Use(s)
- Ice melt

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8.1. Control Parameters
- For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).
- 8.2. Exposure Controls
- Appropriate Engineering Controls
- : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
- Personal Protective Equipment
- : Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.
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- Materials for Protective Clothing
- : Corrosionproof clothing. Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- Hand Protection
- : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Wear protective gloves.
- Eye and Face Protection
- : Chemical goggles or face shield. Chemical safety goggles.
- Skin and Body Protection
- : Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.

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Respiratory Protection

: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of dust are expected to exceed exposure limits. . If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Pellets. White solid.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: 772 °C (1421.6 °F)
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: 1935 °C (3515 °F)
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: 58 – 66 lb/ft ³
Solubility	: Soluble in water.
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available

9.2. Other Information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Corrosive to metals upon prolonged contact.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials. Contact with water causes an exothermic heat reaction, which may cause significant temperature rise. Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Reactive metals (Al, K, Zn). Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Toxic gases. Hydrogen chloride gas. Oxides of calcium. Sodium oxides. Potassium oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90000 mg/kg
Calcium chloride (10043-52-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2301 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg

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Potassium chloride (7447-40-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3020 mg/kg (Species: Wistar)
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3550 mg/kg (Species: Wistar)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg (Species: New Zealand White)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 42 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of large amounts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

Calcium chloride (10043-52-4)	
LC50 Fish 1	10650 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2280000 – 3948000 µg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Potassium chloride (7447-40-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	1060 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	825 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	750 (750 – 1020) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	5560 (5560 – 6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	12946 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	340.7 (340.7 – 469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
NOEC Chronic Fish	252 mg/l (Species: Pimephales promelas)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Prestone Driveway Heat	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Prestone Driveway Heat	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Calcium chloride (10043-52-4)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

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12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Prestone Driveway Heat	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	
Calcium chloride (10043-52-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	
Potassium chloride (7447-40-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	

15.2. US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists, or its chemical components are not required to be disclosed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 09/23/2022

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H319	Causes serious eye irritation
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.